

GUTHRIE 1915

Senate Conferees Recede From Senate Amendment to Capital Clause in Statehood Bill and Agree to House Provision.

Special to Daily Leader.

Washington, D. C., May 31.—At a meeting of the statehood conferees today the Senate conferees formally receded from the Senate amendment on the capital clause and agreed to the House provision making Guthrie the capital till 1915. This has been tentatively agreed upon for some time. Foraker says he has forty-five votes cinched for placing the statehood bill on the appropriations bill as a rider.

TO-DAY IN THE DEPARTMENTS

Charters Issued.

The following charters were issued this morning from the office of the territorial secretary:

E. H. Lead and Silver Mining and Smelting Co., principal places of business at Guthrie and Castle, Mont., capital stock, \$600,000. The directors are: E. H. Moore, Helena, Mont.; G. V. Patterson and H. W. Pontecost, of Guthrie.

L. C. Pierce Grain and Elevator company, principal business offices at Agra, Foraker and Salt Creek stations, capital stock \$15,000. The directors are: L. C. Pierce and C. C. Layman of Agra, and F. C. Walters, of Kansas City.

The Enid Wholesale Grain company, capital stock \$10,000. The directors are: J. H. Shaw and W. M. Randels, of Enid; C. C. Smith, Glenn R. Smith and J. W. Smith, all of Hennessey.

The Clyde Elevator company, capital stock \$5,000. The directors are: I. P. Bryson, of Medford; A. P. Ward, G. B. Blueback and F. P. Privett, of Clyde and C. H. Eulberg, of Wakita.

Hentessy Grain company, capital stock \$5,000. The directors are: W. D. Cupps, Fred Ehler, J. W. Smith, J. H. Bosh and Lyman Hobbs, all of Hennessey.

Orient Grain and Elevator company, of Dill, Oklahoma, capital stock \$5,000. The directors are: J. W. Kelley and W. H. Morrison, of Cordell, and J. W. Morrison, of Dill.

The Mount Carmel Church association, of Pawnee. The trustees are: C. E. Wheeler, H. B. Baird, H. T. Johnston, D. P. Millroy and C. P. Bell, all of Pawnee. The property valuation is \$600.

Notary Applications.

Applications for notary commissions received this morning from the office of the territorial secretary follow:

E. H. Richard, of Woodward, for Woodward county.

H. C. Gibbs, of Anadarko, for Caddo county.

Arthur H. Staue, of Harper, for Dewey county.

Governor Speaks July Fourth.

Hobart is to be honored July 4th with the presence of Oklahoma's chief executive, Governor Frantz. The invitation was extended to the governor by Omer K. Benedict, secretary of the Commercial club, on behalf of the city to deliver the principal address at the monster celebration that town is arranging for the Nation's birthday. The governor accepted the invitation.

JUDGE HEROD AT VITUM.

Delivered Patriotic Memorial Day Address Before G. A. R. Post.

Judge and Mrs. W. B. Herod went to Vitum, six miles southeast of Guthrie, yesterday and were guests of the G. A. R. post at that place. Judge Herod delivered the Memorial day address. Mr. Herod accepted the invitation from this small rural post organization several weeks ago to speak there on Decoration Day, and later was invited by the citizens of Perkins, Crescent City and Seward to address the gatherings at these places. His address was along the same lines of

DEVILISH ANARCHISTS

CARRY OUT PLOT TO DYNAMITE ROYAL PARTY.

KING AND QUEEN ESCAPE

But Equerry is Wounded and Child Killed

(By Associated Press.)

London, May 31.—A dispatch to a news agency from Madrid says that a bomb was thrown at King Alfonso and Queen Victoria this afternoon. Both escaped unhurt. The news agency dispatch adds that an equerry was wounded and a child and two horses killed by the explosion. A fourteen-year-old boy was arrested. It is further stated that the king and queen behaved with greatest calmness and after the delay caused by the confusion proceeded to the palace.

BRITISH IMPRISON RASCALS.

Were Convicted on Charge of Obtaining Money Under False Pretenses.

London, May 31.—At the Old Bailey today Harry Samuel Simons and Franklin Everhart, Americans, charged with conspiring to obtain large sums of money by fraud, were found guilty. Simons was sentenced to two years' imprisonment at hard labor and Everhart to eighteen months at hard labor, in connection with Alaskan, Oklahoma, Cripple Creek and Manitoba mining companies. Everhart in London, according to the police, was vice president of the mining securities and investment corporation, said to be registered in Oklahoma, and Simons was a director of the same corporation with head offices said to be in New York. Simons said he was from Illinois and Everhart from Pennsylvania.

RATIFIES TREATY.

Anglo-Cuban Agreement is Agreed to at Havana.

Havana, May 31.—The senate today ratified the Anglo-Cuban treaty of commerce, navigation and industry with the amendments recommended by the foreign relations committee May 31. The vote was eleven to four.

The opponents of the treaty declared that Great Britain would not accept the treaty in its amended form, while the advocates of the amendments insisted that there was no reason for Great Britain not accepting it. These latter declared that the friendship of the United States was the first consideration in any event.

Senator Sanghilly, independent, the principal opponent of the amendments, argued that the most favored nation provision between Cuba and Great Britain could not affect Cuba's relations with the United States in any event.

BURTON IS PERSISTENT

Kansas Senator Wants to Draw Salary as Long as Possible.

Washington, D. C., May 31.—Senator Joseph Ralph Burton will tender his resignation to the members of the United States Senate through the governor of Kansas within the next few days. He has anticipated the probable action of the Senate in forcing him to relinquish his seat, either by his voluntarily resigning or by subjecting him to the unpleasantness of being put out by a resolution of expulsion. He will make his resignation in a conditional way. The plan that he has advanced is to place his letter of resignation to the governor of Kansas in the hands of his colleague, Senator Long, with instructions that, if the supreme court of the United States does not grant his application for a rehearing when it convenes next October, then Mr. Long is to submit his letter to the governor of Kansas. If the opportunity for a rehearing is granted then his letter of resignation will be returned to him, leaving his case in the same status as it is now. The proposition advanced by Mr.

Burton is not meeting with popular favor with many of the members of the Senate. They claim it is a scheme of his to allow himself to get the financial benefit of being a member of the chamber while awaiting final action of the supreme court. They point out that in all probability the supreme court will not reverse its decision of a few weeks ago, or that it will even go so far as to grant him a rehearing. This proposition will be taken up by the committee on privileges and elections next Friday, when, in all probability, a definite answer will be made to Mr. Burton. It is expected that Senator Bailey's contention that the Senate should not delay a day longer with Mr. Burton's case will prevail, and that a resolution expelling him from the Senate will be voted out of the committee.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONFERENCE.

Noted Workers in Congregational National Organization Present.

This afternoon at the West Side Congregational church a county Sunday school convention session is being held. Representatives are here from many Congregational Sunday schools in Logan county and several from Oklahoma county. Dr. Clement, president of the national organization, is present and greeting the workers personally. Among the representatives in attendance this afternoon were noted Rev. Spencer, Perkins; Rev. H. B. Brown, Meridian, and Rev. C. G. Murphy, Oklahoma City. Tonight Dr. Frank Knight Saunders, the well known author and teacher in Yale college, will deliver an address. No admission will be charged and an invitation is extended to all members and friends of the parish to attend the lecture. Dr. Saunders is a man of international renown and is a most excellent speaker.

SUBMITS TO THE PACKERS

COMPROMISE WITH THE BEEF TRUST ON INSPECTION SERVICES

GOVERNMENT WILL PAY

Shift Burden on Shoulders of the People.

Special to Daily Leader.

Washington, D. C., May 31.—President Roosevelt has yielded the principal demand of the packers in the beef inspection fight. As a result, the House will insist upon amending the Senate inspection provision in the agricultural appropriation bill so that the cost of inspection will be borne by the government instead of by the packers. It is being said in Washington that, in making this concession, the President, as he did with the railroad rate bill, has surrendered a vital part of his original plan.

The packers will not come to Washington to be heard before the House committee. The agricultural bill, with the inspection amendment, is now in that committee, and it was publicly signified that if the beef magnates cared to present their side of the case, they would be heard. Apparently, the Beef Trust officials have decided there is no need of their coming to Washington.

Representative Lorimer, of Chicago, represents the stockyards district. Mr. Lorimer was in conference today with Representative Wadsworth, of New York, chairman of the House committee on agriculture, and Representative Henry, of Connecticut, ranking Republican member of the committee. They were working on an amendment to the Beveridge beef inspection bill, which "will be satisfactory to all concerned." The chief argument raised against the bill by the packers is the fact that it assesses the cost against the packers, and not against the government.

It is practically certain that a bill will pass the House. But it is believed that the final measure will not do more than extend the present inspection system, and that in a limited degree. Nearly all carcasses immediately after slaughter are supposed to be inspected. This inspection is to be extended to pickling and curing processes.

Various versions of the Noll report, upon which the present agitation is based, have been printed. None is authentic. As a matter of fact, even the President has not yet seen the written Noll report, for it is not yet completed. Mr. C. P. Nell, commissioner of labor, conducted the investigation of the Chicago packing houses, and he has rendered a verbal report to the President. The written report now is being prepared.

ENID SHOOTING ENDS FATALLY

FRED CAPERS AND BOB WHITE, GUTHRIE NEGROES INVOLVED

BOTH WERE WOUNDED

Started a Quarrel in Which Bystander Was Victim.

Fred Capers, colored, who escaped last night at Enid after killing another negro by the name of Bob Johnson, is well known to the police of Guthrie, Wichita, Newton and Oklahoma City. He is regarded as a bad negro and has been in numerous scrapes. Only a short time ago he was released from the penitentiary at Lansing after serving a two year's sentence for robbery at Newton. Capers is a brother of ex-Councilman John Capers of this city.

The trouble at Enid last night occurred in the tenderloin district near the Rock Island depot. When the carnival company left Guthrie for Enid last Sunday, Capers, Bob White and a negro girl followed. Yesterday the two men were drinking and wound up in a negro dive. They quarreled and both pulled revolvers. Ten shots were fired. A stray bullet struck a bystander, Robert Johnson, in the nose, glanced downward, severing the windpipe, and causing wounds from which he died in a few minutes. Capers and White were both wounded, the former in the right arm. Before the officers could reach the scene Capers had fled. He is still at large. The bullet from Capers' revolver caused the death of Johnson.

The sheriff of Garfield county, as soon as he learned of the shooting, phoned Chief of Police Cates to keep on the lookout for Capers. Chief Cates, however, does not believe that he came this way because of the fact that he is too well known. Only a short time ago he made a hurried leave from Guthrie, having been found in a Guthrie newspaperman's room in the act of rifling his clothes. Capers has a police record of twenty or more petty crimes, extending over seven years.

Bob White is a semi-industrious negro who has been around Guthrie for five or six years. His father, Adam White, was until a short time ago employed as janitor at Abell's clothing store, but now resides on a farm south-east of this city. White is fatally hurt, and his death is expected at any moment. Capers was not seriously hurt.

RURAL CARRIERS

ELECT DELEGATES.

To State Convention at Enid—Endorse Good Road Movement.

At the meeting of the rural route carriers of Logan county yesterday afternoon in the city hall auditorium the following were selected as delegates to represent the Logan county organization of rural carriers at the state convention, which will convene in Enid July 4: Luther Arnold, Guthrie; R. P. Litaker, Marshall, and Chas. Rambo, of Mulhall.

Last evening a short session was held and a resolution endorsing the introduction of a good roads system throughout the United States was unanimously passed. The carriers also voted to procure literature on "how to improve the country roads," and send this to their patrons along the routes.

At four o'clock at Electric park the mail carriers crossed bats with the clerks of the Guthrie postoffice. The game was called at the end of the fifth inning, the clerks getting the wing end of a score of 17 to 15. A large crowd witnessed the contest. Frank Barber, with the carriers, was a star in the limelight, the features of the game being his heavy hitting and remarkably base running. The ball players were: Clerks—Randolph and Poeman; Carriers—Barber and Wilcox.

STEAMER CUT IN TWAIN.

(By Associated Press.)

Detroit, Mich., May 31.—The steamer Erie was run into and cut in two by the steamer Cowie in St. Clair river today. Five members of the Erie's crew, including Chief Engineer Quinn, were drowned.

"Bad dyspepsia or indigestion for years. No appetite, and what I did eat distressed me terribly. Burdock Blood Purifiers cured me."—J. H. Walker, Hubbard, Ohio.

ROYALTY JOINED IN WEDLOCK

Marriage of King Alfonso, of Spain, to Princess Ena, of Battenburg, Celebrated Amid Dazzling Display and Huzzas of Cheering Thousands—Route of Wedding Procession Was a Continuous Ovation.

(By Associated Press.)

Madrid, May 31.—Alfonso VIII, King of Spain, and Princess Ena of Battenburg, today were married with all the pomp and ceremony prescribed by the etiquette. The spectacular part of the wedding, consisting of the royal procession to and from the church, was witnessed by the largest assemblage of people that ever crowded into the streets of the capital.

Before 7 o'clock this morning large crowds of people were assembling in the public squares and along the leading thoroughfares in order to secure places along the route of the royal wedding procession. The whole front of the route was black with people. From the windows of buildings could be seen thousands of faces eager to greet the King and his bride. The large majority of the stores and shops were closed, and in the windows were prominently displayed colored portraits of the King and Princess Ena.

The early morning hours witnessed an interesting and pretty Spanish custom. In strict incognito Princess Ena, accompanied only by her mother, left the Prado palace for Madrid. At the city gate the bride-to-be was met by a long horseman. This was the youthful King, who galloped in front of the coach until the senate house was reached. Here Alfonso left the bride, who entered the senate house to don her bridal attire.

The bride's party joined the bridegroom's cortège on the Plaza Mayor. At 10 o'clock, in the distance, was suddenly heard the grand swelling strains of the national anthem and all along the route the multitudes uncovered in anticipation of the approach of the bridal party.

The royal procession was a spectacle of medieval magnificence. Eight groups on horseback led the march. They were followed by four buglers and cymbal players from the royal stables, whose horses were led by grooms on foot; four mace-bearers, on horses with ornate trappings, led by hand; riding horses of the King and future Queen, ready saddled, led by grooms; and six other royal horses, covered with handsome velvet cloths of red, blue, green and yellow, unadorned with armorial bearings in gold and silver. Then came twelve of the principal outriders, who directly preceded a line of quartered coaches, twenty-one in number, embellished with armorial bearings and embellished with massive gilt ornamentation. The coaches and footmen were brilliant Louis XVI liveries, and the entire cortege of the person were of the most gorgeous description. The first vehicle, bronze colored, drawn by four black horses, was occupied by four Masters-at-Arms. After it came the so-called "Paris" coach with six horses having white trappings and maces plaited with red worsted, occupied by the court chamberlains, and twelve state coaches, whose horses were adorned with plumes of varied hues, belonging to the Grandees of Spain. In them were seated palace functionaries of high rank.

The next carriage, ornamented with silver gilt, while around its panels were a series of paintings by old masters, having six sable horses attached to it, was occupied by the Queen Dowager of Spain, Princess Henry of Battenburg and the Infanta Eulalia. Other carriages followed with other members of the two families. A detachment of Horse Guards separated the foregoing carriages from a very pretty tortoise-shell coach, in which was seated the bride and her party. The entire body of this vehicle was covered in dark tortoise-shell color, except for a border of paintings illustrating the story of Solomon, and surrounded by six chestnut horses. The tortoise-shell carriage was followed by a mahogany coach, called the "Coach of Respect," which was not occupied. This vehicle always directly precedes the royal chariot, in an emergency, or in case of a breakdown.

A detachment of the Royal Body Guard rode in front of the massive gilt chariot termed the "Royal Crowned," occupied by the King. This coach had gilt allegorical figures standing out in relief from the panels, and its roof was surmounted by a heavily gilded crown. The gold-plated moldings, lampes of the carriage were especially striking, being inset with imitation jewels. The banner cloth, a wonderful piece of embroidery work, is valued at many thousands of dollars. The coach was drawn by eight fine speckled grays. In each red harness hanging heavy armorial ornamentation. Immense white ostrich plumes waved from the heads of these horses.

Other carriages were in line and were occupied by the royal wedding guests. The officers of the King's Military Household and several squadrons of the Royal Body Guard closed the parade.

Greeted by Loyal Subjects. The route of the procession was through such throngs of applause and enthusiasm as constituted a greeting of which any monarch might be proud. All Spain and many foreigners were in the great throng, while the brilliance of the decorations made it seem like driving under a continuous canopy of garlands, banners and arches. Red and yellow, of course, predominated in the splendor of the display, but great masses of roses and other blossoms of many varieties gave a delightful picturesque touch to the combined effect.

Military bands were stationed at various points along the route, and they each struck up the national anthem as the cortège appeared.

The national anthem was thus sounded in the ears of the royal party along the entire route.

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(Continued on page 2.)